SAFETY DATA SHEET Formic Acid 95%



Revision date: 4/19/2022 Version 1.0

1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Trade Name: Formic Acid 95%

Chemical Name: Formic Acid

CAS No: 64-18-6 EC No.: 200-579-1 Index No.: 607-001-00-0

Formula: CH₂O₂

Synonyms: Methanoic acid

Product Form: Substance

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use

Recommended Use: For use in buffering caustic buildup in soil, sludge, and groundwater

bioremediation

Restrictions on Use: Use as recommended by the label

Details of the supplier and of the safety data sheet

Supplier Tersus Environmental, LLC

1116 Colonial Club Rd Wake Forest, NC 27587 Phone: +1-919-453-5577 Email: info@tersusenv.com

Emergency telephone number

For leak, fire, spill or accident emergencies, call:

- +1-919-453-5577 (Tersus Office Hours, 8:00 AM to 5:00 PM Eastern)
- +1-919-638-7892 (Tersus Outside office hours)
- +1-800-424-9300 (Chemtrec 24 Hour Service Emergency Only)
- +1-703-527-3887 (Chemtrec Outside United States 24 Hour Service Emergency Only)

2. HAZARD IDENTIFICATION

Classification

Physical hazards Not classified.
Health hazards Not classified.
Environmental hazard Not classified.
OSHA defined hazard Not classified.

GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

Pictogram









Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Not classified in accordance with international standards for workplace

safety.

Hazard Statements

H226 Flammable liquid and vapor

H302 Harmful if swallowed

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage

H318 Causes serious eye damage

H331 Toxic if inhaled

Precautionary statements

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition

sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/.../equipment.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.
P261 Avoid breathing dust/fume/gas/mist/vapors/spray.

P264 Wash ... thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink, or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/.../if you feel unwell,

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin

with water/shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact

lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...

P311 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...
P321 Specific treatment (see ... on this label).

P330 Rinse mouth.

P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use ... to extinguish.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to ...

Other Hazards

Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS 3.

Chemical Formula CH₂O₂

Hazardous components

Chemical Name	CAS Number	Concentration (wt. %)
Formic Acid	64-18-6	95%

Synonyms are provided in Section 1.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

4. **FIRST AID MEASURES**

General Information Eye Contact

Be aware of the risk of exposure to material when providing first aid. First check the victim for contact lenses and remove if present. Flush victim's eyes with water or normal saline solution for 20 to 30 minutes while simultaneously calling a hospital or poison control center. Do not put any ointments, oils, or medication in the victim's eyes without specific instructions from a physician. IMMEDIATELY transport the victim after flushing eyes to a hospital even if no symptoms (such as redness or irritation) develop.

Skin Contact

IMMEDIATELY flood affected skin with water while removing and isolating all contaminated clothing. Gently wash all affected skin areas thoroughly with soap and water. IMMEDIATELY call a hospital or poison control center even if no symptoms (such as redness or irritation) develop. IMMEDIATELY transport the victim to a hospital for treatment after washing the affected areas.

Inhalation

IMMEDIATELY leave the contaminated area; take deep breaths of fresh air. If symptoms (such as wheezing, coughing, shortness of breath, or burning in the mouth, throat, or chest) develop, call a physician, and be prepared to transport the victim to a hospital. Provide proper respiratory protection to rescuers entering an unknown atmosphere. Whenever possible, Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) should be used; if not available, use a level of protection greater than or equal to that advised under Respirator Recommendation.

If Swallowed

DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Corrosive chemicals will destroy the membranes of the mouth, throat, and esophagus and, in addition, have a high risk of being aspirated into the victim's lungs during vomiting which increases the medical problems. If the victim is conscious and not convulsing, give 1 or 2 glasses of water to dilute the chemical and IMMEDIATELY call a hospital or poison control center. IMMEDIATELY transport the victim to a hospital. If the victim is convulsing or unconscious, do not give anything by mouth, ensure that the victim's airway is open and lay the victim on his/her side with the head lower than the body. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. Transport the victim IMMEDIATELY to a hospital. Not available.

Personal Protective Equipment for First-Aid Responders

Most important Difficulty in breathing. Causes burns by all exposure routes. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea, and vomiting: Product is a corrosive material. Use of gastric lavage or emesis is

symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

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contraindicated. Possible perforation of stomach or esophagus should be investigated: Ingestion causes severe swelling, severe damage to the delicate tissue and danger of perforation.

Indication of any Immediate Medical Attention and Special **Treatment Needed**

Not available.

FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES 5.

Suitable Extinguishing

Media

Unsuitable Extinguishing

Media

Explosion Data

General Fire Hazards Special Protective

Equipment and Precautions

for Firefighters Specific Methods Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical, or carbon

dioxide.

Do not use a heavy water stream.

As in any fire, wear self-contained breathing apparatus pressuredemand, MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical or Mixture

Hazardous Combustion Products

Special Fire Fighting **Procedures**

Flammable. Risk of ignition. Vapors may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapors may travel to source of ignition and flash back. Containers may explode when heated. Strong reducing agent. Fire and explosion risk in contact with oxidizing agents.

Carbon monoxide (CO). Carbon dioxide (CO2). Hydrogen. Thermal decomposition can lead to release of irritating gases and vapors Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent fire-fighting water from entering environment.

ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES 6.

Personal Precautions

Minimize risk of exposure to material.

Means: PPE (chemical resistant gloves, respirator with full face shield, etc.), safe handling practices, good industrial hygiene.

Environmental Precautions

Methods for Containment and Clean Up

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

If you should spill this chemical, use absorbent paper to pick up all liquid spill material. Seal the absorbent paper, as well as any of your clothing which may be contaminated, in a vapor-tight plastic bag for eventual disposal. Wash any surfaces you may have contaminated with a soap and water solution. Do not reenter the contaminated area until the Safety Officer (or other responsible person) has verified that the area has been properly cleaned.

Reference to other sections

For disposal, see Section 13.

HANDLING AND STORAGE 7.

Precautions for Safe Handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes. Avoid inhalation of vapor or mist. Keep away from sources of ignition. Take measures to prevent buildup of electrostatic charge.

No smoking.

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Conditions for Safe Storage, including any Incompatibilities Keep container tightly closed in a dry and well-ventilated place. Containers which are opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage.

Vent periodically. Handle and open container with care.

Hygroscopic.

Storage class (TRGS 510): Flammable liquids

8. EXPOSRE CONTROL / PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

Formic acid (CAS: 64-18-6)
REL (Inhalation): 5 ppm (NIOSH)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

Formic acid (CAS: 64-18-6)

PEL (Inhalation): 5 ppm, (ST) 10 ppm (Cal/OSHA) OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

Formic acid (CAS: 64-18-6)
PEL (Inhalation): 9 mg/m3 (OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

Formic acid (CAS: 64-18-6)
PEL (Inhalation): 5 ppm (OSHA)

OSHA Annotated Table Z-1, www.osha.gov

Appropriate Engineering Controls

Avoid contact with skin, eyes, and clothing. Washing hands before breaks and immediately after handling the product. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location. Use explosion-proof electrical equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Individual Protection Measures, Such as Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)









Eye/face protection

Wear appropriate protective eyeglasses or chemical safety goggles as described by OSHA's eye and face protection regulations in 29 CFR 1910.133 or European Standard EN166. Tight sealing safety goggles. Face protection shield.

Skin and body protection

Chemical resistant apron. Boots. Chemical protection suit (EN 14605).

Respiratory protection

Follow the OSHA respirator regulations found in 29 CFR 1910.134 or European Standard EN 149. Use a NIOSH/MSHA or European Standard EN 149 approved respirator if exposure limits are exceeded or if irritation or other symptoms are experienced.

Thermal hazards

Not available

Environmental exposure controls

Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Do not let product enter drains. Discharge into the environment must be avoided.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Appearance/form (physical state, color, etc.)

Odor

Odor threshold

Liquid

Pungent

Not available

pH 2.2 at 2.2 g/l at 20 °C

Melting point/freezing point

Initial boiling point and boiling range

Flash point

Evaporation rate

8.4 °C

100.7 °C

56 °C

Not availa

Evaporation rate Not available Flammability (solid, gas) Not available Upper/lower flammability limits Not available

Upper/lower explosive limits

Upper explosion limit: 57%(V)
Lower explosion limit: 18%(V)
Vapor pressure

42.00 hPa (31.50 mmHg) at 20 °C

169.99 hPa (127.50 mmHg) at 50°C

Vapor density 1.59 - (Air = 1.0)

Relative density

1.220 @ 20 °C [017,042,274,421]
Solubility(ies)

completely miscible (Water)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water log Pow: -0.54
Auto-ignition temperature Not available
Decomposition temperature Not available
Viscosity Not available
Explosive properties Not available

Explosive properties

Oxidizing properties

Not available
Not available
Not available

Other safety information

None

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity Not available

Chemical Stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

Conditions to Avoid Heat, flames, sparks.

Incompatible Materials Strong oxidizing agents, Strong bases, Powdered metals.

Hazardous Decomposition Not available

Products

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Acute toxicity

Formic Acid

LD50 Oral - Rat - 730 mg/kg (OECD Test Guideline 401)

LC50 Inhalation - Rat - 7.4 mg/l - 4 h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Skin - Rabbit

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Result: Severe skin irritation

(Draize test)

Serious eye damage/irritation

Eves - Rabbit

Result: Severe eye irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Prolonged or repeated exposure may cause allergic reactions in certain sensitive individuals.

Buehler Test - Guinea pig

Result: Did not cause sensitization on laboratory animals.

(OECD Test Guideline 406)

Germ cell mutagenicity

Not available

Carcinogenicity

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as probable, possible, or confirmed human carcinogen by IARC.

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by ACGIH.

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a known or anticipated carcinogen by NTP.

No component of this product present at levels greater than or equal to 0.1% is identified as a carcinogen or potential carcinogen by OSHA.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available

Summary of evaluation of the CMR properties

Not available

STOT-single exposure

Not available

STOT-repeated exposure

Not available Aspiration hazard Not available

Additional information

RTECS: LQ4900000

Material is extremely destructive to tissue of the mucous membranes and upper respiratory tract, eyes, and skin.

May cause spasm, inflammation, and edema of the larynx; spasm, inflammation and edema of the bronchi; pneumonitis, pulmonary edema, burning sensation, cough, wheezing, laryngitis, shortness of breath, headache, nausea, vomiting. The full properties - chemical, physical, and toxicological, have not been thoroughly investigated.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Toxicity to fish: LC50 - Leuciscus idus (Golden orfe) - 46 - 100 mg/l - 96 h

Toxicity to daphnia and other aquatic invertebrates: EC50 - Daphnia magna (Water flea) - 34.2 mg/l - 48 h

Toxicity to bactera: EC50 - PSeudomonas putida - 46.7 mg/l - 17 h

Persistence and degradability

Biodegradability - Result: >90% - Readily biodegradable (OECD Test Guideline 301C) Biochemical Oxygen Demand (BOD) - 86 mg/g Chemical Oxygen Demand (COD) - 348 mg/g Ratio BOD/ThBOD - 8.60%

Bioaccumulative potential

Bioaccumulation is unlikely.

Mobility in soil

Not Available

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

PBT/vPvB assessment not available as chemical safety assessment not required/not conducted.

Other adverse effects

Harmful to aquatic life.

An environmental hazard cannot be excluded in the event of unprofessional handling or disposal.

13.	DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS
Waste Disposal Methods	Chemical waste generators must determine whether a discarded chemical is classified as a hazardous waste. Chemical waste generators must also consult local, regional, and national hazardous waste regulations to ensure complete and accurate classification.
Local Disposal Regulations Hazardous Waste Code	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations. The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer, and the waste disposal company. (RCRA – U Series Waste: U123)
Waste from Residues/ unused Products	Contact waste disposal services. If recycling is not practicable, dispose of in compliance with local regulations. Dilute with plenty of water. Neutralize with base. In accordance with local and national regulations
Contaminated Packaging	To avoid treatments, as far as possible, use dedicated containers. Clean container with water. Dispose of rinse water in accordance with local and national regulations. The empty and clean containers are to be reused in conformity with regulations.
Other Disposal Recommendations	Contact a licensed professional waste disposal service to dispose of this material.

14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

DOT (US)

UN Number: UN1779

Class: 8

Packing Group: II

Proper Shipping Name: Formic Acid

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health, and environmental regulations specific for the product in question

Pennsylvania Right to Know Components

Chemical name: Formic acid

Version

CAS number: 64-18-6

New Jersey Right to Know Components

Common name: Formic acid CAS number: 64-18-6

Massachusetts Right to Know Components

Chemical name: Formic acid CAS number: 64-18-6

Chemical Safety Assessment

Not available

16. OTHER INFORMATION

NFPA (National Fire Protection Association) - Classification

Health 3Flammability 3Instability or Reactivity 0

HMIS (Hazardous Materials Identification System (Paint & Coating)) - Classification

Health 3 minimal
Flammability 3 minimal
Reactivity 0 minimal

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End of Safety Data Sheet